

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2023

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Village Board of Village of Sullivan

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of December 31, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 18, 2024 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Madison, Wisconsin April 18, 2024

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The management of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin (Village) offers readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Village's financial statements.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village, including the sewer utility, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,152,191 (net position). Of this amount, \$947,519 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Village's total net position, including the sewer utility, increased by \$884,539.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$796,806, an increase of \$36,243 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had an assigned fund balance of \$680,197 and \$89,390 in restricted fund balance. There was unassigned fund balance of \$27,219 as of December 31, 2023.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the Village you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's infrastructure.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government; public safety; public works; culture, recreation and education activities and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the Village include the sewer utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 to 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the fire department fund and debt service fund. The general fund and debt service fund are considered to be major funds. The fire department is a nonmajor fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 and 5 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds** - The Village maintains one (1) proprietary fund - the Sewer Utility. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 to 11 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Village reports one (1) fiduciary fund - a custodial Tax Collection Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 to 38 of this report.

**Other Information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, *required supplementary information* presents the following: a detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget, a schedule of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (asset) in the Wisconsin Retirement System, and a schedule of the Village's contributions to the Wisconsin Retirement System. These schedules can be found on pages 39 to 43 of this report.

## Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole

An analysis of the Village's financial position begins with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. These two statements report the Village's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by nonfinancial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Village, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,152,191 as of December 31, 2023.

The largest portion of the Village's net position (approximately 74%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

A summary of the Village's Statement of Net Position for 2023 and 2022 is presented in the table below.

## Village of Sullivan's Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other	Ф. 0.044.040	Ф 0.040 F00	ф. 4.4F0.7C7	Ф 004.000	Ф 0 400 000	Ф. 0.000 AAA
assets Capital assets	\$ 2,344,316 2,288,972	\$ 2,343,538 2,381,759	\$ 1,152,767 7,173,736	\$ 994,903 6,560,000	\$ 3,496,083 9,462,708	\$ 3,338,441 8,941,759
Total assets	4,633,288	4,725,297	8,326,503	7,554,903	12,959,791	12,280,200
Deferred outflows of	440.070	54.470	7.004	54.040	440.007	405.004
resources	110,076	54,473	7,931	51,348	118,007	105,821
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	739,406 128,017	811,868 133,086	3,456,967 102,208	3,513,662 84,793	4,196,373 230,225	4,325,530 217,879
Total liabilities	867,423	944,954	3,559,175	3,598,455	4,426,598	4,543,409
Deferred inflows of resources	1,486,675	1,502,432	12,334	72,528	1,499,009	1,574,960
Net position: Net investment in						
capital assets	1,573,730	1,569,891	3,723,736	3,046,600	5,297,466	4,616,491
Restricted	89,390	107,559	817,816	692,867	907,206	800,426
Unrestricted	726,146	654,934	221,373	195,801	947,519	850,735
Total net						
position	\$ 2,389,266	\$ 2,332,384	\$ 4,762,925	\$ 3,935,268	\$ 7,152,191	\$ 6,267,652

The majority of the Village's net position (approximately 74%) represents net investment in capital assets. An additional portion of the Village's net position (approximately 13%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

**Analysis of the Village's Operations** - The following table provides a summary of the Village's operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by 56,882. Business-type activities increased the Village's net position by \$827,657.

## Village of Sullivan Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Е	Business-Ty	ре л	Activities		To	tal	Ι	
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 141,348	\$	131,885	\$	464,264	\$	466,043	\$	605,612	\$	597,928	
Operating grants and contributions	75,210		95,013		_		_		75,210		95,013	
Capital grants and												
contributions	29,868		109,117		1,103,824		1,259,093		1,133,692		1,368,210	
General revenues:												
Property taxes	262,890		245,299		-		-		262,890		245,299	
Other taxes, debt												
service	121,002		120,577		-		-		121,002		120,577	
Intergovernmental	62,668		57,537		-		-		62,668		57,537	
Investment income	47,676		35,850		38,431		10,087		86,107		45,937	
Miscellaneous	75,261		51,618						75,261		51,618	
Total revenues	815,923		846,896		1,606,519		1,735,223		2,422,442		2,582,119	
Expenses												
General government	252,007		179,710		_		_		252,007		179,710	
Public safety	206,335		259,633		_		_		206,335		259,633	
Public works	250,431		159,860		_		_		250,431		159,860	
Culture, recreation	,		,						•		•	
and education	25,622		19,130		-		-		25,622		19,130	
Conservation and												
development	6,253		6,073		-		-		6,253		6,073	
Capital Outlay	650		-		-		-		650		-	
Interest and fiscal												
charges	17,743		29,121		-		-				29,121	
Sewer utility				_	778,862		338,018	_	778,862		338,018	
Total expenses	759,041		653,527	_	778,862		338,018		1,537,903		991,545	
Ohanna in mat												
Change in net position	56,882		193,369		827,657		1,397,205		884,539		1,590,574	
position	30,002		195,509		021,031		1,397,203		004,339		1,090,074	
Net Position,												
January 1	2,332,384		2,139,015		3,935,268		2,538,063		6,267,652		4,677,078	
Net Position,												
December 31	\$ 2,389,266	\$	2,332,384	\$	4,762,925	\$	3,935,268	\$	7,152,191	\$	6,267,652	

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

## **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balances may serve as useful measures of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$796,806. Approximately 85% of this total amount, \$680,197, constitutes assigned fund balance. \$89,390 is restricted for activities of the fire department. There is an unassigned fund balance of \$27,219.

**General Fund** - The general fund is the main operating fund of the Village. The general fund balance increased from \$688,995 to \$707,416, an increase of \$18,421 as a result of normal activities and operations.

**Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, other than enterprise debt. The debt service fund balance at year-end is \$0, which is a \$8,744 increase from the previous year.

**Fire Department Fund** - The fire department fund is a nonmajor special revenue fund that reports the activities and operations of the fire department, which is a blended component unit of the Village. Fund balance at year-end is \$89,390, an increase of \$9,078 from 2022.

## **Proprietary Fund**

The Village's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

**Sewer Utility** - The Sullivan Sewer Utility is an enterprise fund of the Village. Current sewer rates were approved by the Village board on June 4, 2019. The sewer user fees were increased by \$50 per residential equivalency charge on October 1<sup>st</sup> for 2019, 2020 and 2021. The operating income (loss) for the year was (\$254,106). The total increase in net position was \$827,657.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Village's amended budget, budgeted for no change to fund balance and the actual result was a \$18,421 increase in fund balance. The most significant variances to budget include the following items:

- Intergovernmental- ARPA grants: \$29,868 over budget
- Interest on investments \$29,882 over budget
- Sale of fixed assets: \$49,425 over budget
- Public safety fire protection expenditures: \$41,292 under budget
- Capital outlay: \$97,402 over budget
- Transfers out: \$37,614 over budget

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

## **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2023, the Village had invested a total of \$9,462,708 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction work in progress.

## Capital Assets at Year-End Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	(	Governmen	mental Activities			Business-Ty	Activities	Total						
		2023		2022	_	2023	2023		2022		2022			2022
Land	\$	4,201	\$	4,201	\$	818	\$	818	\$	5,019	\$	5,019		
Right-of-way		124,539		124,539		-		-		124,539		124,539		
Improvements		8,100		9,112		-		-		8,100		9,112		
Buildings		226,850		230,822		-		-		226,850		230,822		
Machinery and														
equipment		942,909		1,005,214		-		-		942,909		1,005,214		
Infrastructure		982,373		1,007,871		-		-		982,373		1,007,871		
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Intangible asset		-		-		4,765,437		3,824,568		4,765,437		3,824,568		
Sewer plant					_	2,407,481	_	2,734,614		2,407,481		2,734,614		
Total	\$	2,288,972	\$	2,381,759	\$	7,173,736	\$	6,560,000	\$	9,462,708	\$	8,941,759		

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 4. of this report.

## **Long-Term Debt**

During 2023, the Village retired debt of \$509,666 and issued \$413,040 of debt to refund \$473,492 of outstanding debt, resulting in \$715,242 in outstanding general obligation debt at the end of 2023. Under Wisconsin State Statutes, Chapter 67, the Village's aggregate general obligation indebtedness may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property located in the Village. The Village's applicable outstanding debt is 19% of the maximum amount allowable.

The business-type activities had debt outstanding of \$3,450,000 as of December 31, 2022, and issued no new debt in 2023.

# Village of Sullivan's Outstanding

Long-Term Obligations								
	Governmental Activities							
	2023			2022				
		_						
Dromingery notes	¢	715 242	¢	472 402				
Promissory notes	<u> </u>	715,242	Ф	473,492				
Total autotanding								
Total outstanding long-term obligations	Ф	715 242	\$	011 060				
iong-term obligations	Ψ	715,242	φ	811,868				

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023 (Unaudited)

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt, including information about direct placements or direct borrowings, can be found in Note 4. of this report.

## **Currently Known Facts/Economic Conditions**

All currently known facts or economic conditions were considered in preparing this report.

## **Requests for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with general overview of the Village's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Village of Sullivan, 500 Madison Avenue (Hwy. 18), Sullivan, WI 53178, Attn: Heather Rupnow, call 262 593 2388, or e-mail <a href="mailto:clerk@villageofsullivan.com">clerk@villageofsullivan.com</a>.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 908,265	\$ 175,121	\$ 1,083,386
Taxes receivable	473,281	-	473,281
Accounts receivable	1,000	108,655	109,655
Accrued interest	-	628	628
Internal balances	(50,547)	50,547	-
Lease receivable	1,012,317	-	1,012,317
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	-	817,816	817,816
Capital assets:			
Land	128,740	818	129,558
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	2,160,232	7,172,918	9,333,150
Total assets	4,633,288	8,326,503	12,959,791
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related amounts	110,076	7,931	118,007
Total deferred outflows of resources	110,076	7,931	118,007
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	67,154	102,208	169,362
Unearned revenues	60,863	102,200	60,863
Noncurrent liabilities:	00,003	-	00,003
Due within one year	86,228	64,584	150,812
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	629,014	3,385,500	4,014,514
Due in more than one year			
Net pension liability	24,164	6,883	31,047
Total liabilities	867,423	3,559,175	4,426,598
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unearned revenues	1,433,701	_	1,433,701
Pension related amounts	52,974	12,334	65,308
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,486,675	12,334	1,499,009
	1,400,073	12,004	1,499,009
Net Position	4 570 700	0 700 700	5 007 400
Net investment in capital assets	1,573,730	3,723,736	5,297,466
Restricted for:			
Equipment replacement	-	787,896	787,896
Fire department activities	89,390	-	89,390
Debt service	-	29,920	29,920
Unrestricted	726,146	221,373	947,519
Total net position	\$ 2,389,266	\$ 4,762,925	\$ 7,152,191

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net **Program Revenues Position** Operating Capital Charges for **Grants and Grants and** Governmental **Business-Type Functions/Programs** Expenses Services **Contributions Contributions Activities Activities** Total Governmental activities: \$ 6.645 \$ General government 252,007 \$ 6,956 \$ \$ (238,406)\$ \$ (238,406)Public safety 206.335 88.660 40.585 29.868 (47,222)(47,222)Public works 250,431 44,292 27,980 (178, 159)(178, 159)Culture, recreation and education 25,622 (25,622)(25,622)Conservation and development 6,253 1,440 (4,813)(4,813)Capital outlay 650 (650)(650)Interest and fiscal charges 17.743 (17,743)(17,743)75.210 (512,615)Total governmental activities 759.041 141.348 29.868 (512,615)Business-type activities: Sewer utility 778,862 464,264 1,103,824 789,226 789,226 Total business-type activities 778,862 464,264 1,103,824 789,226 789,226 605,612 \$ 1,133,692 1,537,903 75,210 Total (512,615)789.226 276,611 **General Revenues** Taxes: 262,890 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 262,890 Property taxes, levied for debt service 121,002 121,002 Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 62,668 62,668 Investment income 47,676 38,431 86,107 75,261 Miscellaneous 75,261 569,497 38,431 Total general revenues 607,928 56,882 827,657 Change in net position 884,539 2,332,384 3,935,268 6,267,652 **Net Position, Beginning** 2,389,266 4,762,925 7,152,191 **Net Position, Ending** 

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

					Go F	Nonmajor overnmental Fund - Fire		
		General	D	ebt Service		Department		Total
Assets								
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	818,875	\$	-	\$	89,390	\$	908,265
Taxes		356,784		116,497		-		473,281
Accounts		1,000		-		-		1,000
Lease		1,012,317	_			<u> </u>		1,012,317
Total assets	\$	2,188,976	\$	116,497	\$	89,390	\$	2,394,863
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	47,206	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,206
Accrued liabilities		5,740		-		-		5,740
Unearned revenues		60,863		-		-		60,863
Due to other funds		50,547	_					50,547
Total liabilities		164,356				<u>-</u>		164,356
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenues		1,317,204	_	116,497				1,433,701
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,317,204		116,497				1,433,701
Fund Balances								
Restricted		-		-		89,390		89,390
Assigned		680,197		-		-		680,197
Unassigned	_	27,219	_					27,219
Total fund balances	_	707,416				89,390		796,806
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	¢	0 400 070	φ	116 407	ф	90 200	ф	2 204 062
resources and fully parafices	φ	2,188,976	\$	116,497	\$	89,390	\$	2,394,863

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 796,806
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note 4.	2,288,972
The net pension liability does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	(24,164)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	110,076
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	(52,974)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note 2.	(729,450)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,389,266

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Gener	al	De	bt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Fire Department	. <u>-</u>	Total
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 262	,890	\$	121,002	\$ -	\$	383,892
Intergovernmental	-	,024	Ψ	121,002	Ψ	Ψ	130,024
Licenses and permits		,080		_	_		30,080
Public charges for services		,024		_	_		44,024
Intergovernmental charges for services		,496		_	-		74,496
Special assessments		390		_	_		390
Investment income	46	,444		_	1,232		47,676
Miscellaneous		,839		_	31,077		55,916
Missellaricous		,000			01,077	_	00,010
Total revenues	613	,187		121,002	32,309	_	766,498
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	198	,000		-	-		198,000
Public safety	78	,332		-	52,101		130,433
Public works		,756		-	-		166,756
Culture, recreation and education	9	,600		-	-		9,600
Conservation and development	6	,253		-	-		6,253
Capital outlay	147	,636		-	-		147,636
Debt service:							
Principal		-		509,666	-		509,666
Interest and fiscal charges				24,376		_	24,376
Total expenditures	606	,577		534,042	52,101	_	1,192,720
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	6	,610		(413,040)	(19,792)	_	(426,222)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Debt issued		-		413,040	-		413,040
Transfers in		-		8,744	28,870		37,614
Transfers out	•	,614)		-	-		(37,614)
Sale of fixed assets	49	,425				_	49,425
Total other financing sources (uses)	11	<u>,811</u>		421,784	28,870	_	462,465
Net change in fund balances	18	,421		8,744	9,078		36,243
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	688	,995		(8,744)	80,312	. <u> </u>	760,563
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 707	,416	\$	_	\$ 89,390	\$	796,806

Principal repaid

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds

,	,
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Some items reported as capital outlay in the fund financial statements but are	147.636
capitalized in the government-wide statements.	,
Some items reported as capital outlay were not capitalized	(83,546)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements	(87,833)
Net book value of assets retired	(69,044)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued	(413,040)
	(,)

\$

36,243

509,666

Net pension liability(51,411)Accrued interest and other debt expenses6,633Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions55,603Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions5,975

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 56,882

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Fund December 31, 2023

	Sewer Utility
Accesso	
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 175,121
Interest receivable	628
Customer accounts receivable	108,655
Due from other funds	50,547
Total current assets	334,951
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Debt service reserve	29,920
Replacement account	78,899
Depreciation account	708,997
Capital assets:	
Land	818
Property and equipment	8,981,999
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization	(1,809,081)
Total noncurrent assets	7,991,552
Total assets	8,326,503
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension related amounts	7,931
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,931

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Fund December 31, 2023

	Sewer Utility
Liebilidies	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	Φ 05.000
Accounts payable	\$ 85,882
Accrued wages	6,263
Compensated absences, current	84
Revenue bonds payable, current	64,500
Accrued interest	10,063_
Total current liabilities	166,792
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Revenue bonds payable, noncurrent	3,385,500
Net pension liability	6,883
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension related amounts	12,334
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,334
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	3,723,736
Restricted for:	
Debt service	29,920
Equipment replacement	787,896
Unrestricted	221,373
Total net position	\$ 4,762,925

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Sewer Utility
Operating Revenues	
Treatment charges	\$ 455,845
Other	8,419
Total operating revenues	464,264
Operating Expenses	
Operation and maintenance	391,237
Depreciation / amortization	327,133
Total operating expenses	718,370
Operating income (loss)	(254,106)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment income	38,431
Interest expense	(60,492)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(22,061)
Contributions	
Capital contributions	1,103,824
Total contributions	1,103,824
Change in net position	827,657
Net Position, Beginning	3,935,268
Net Position, Ending	\$ 4,762,925

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Sewer Utility
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services	\$ 417,842 (345,115) (27,606)
Net cash flows from operating activities	45,121
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment income  Net cash flows from investing activities	<u>38,431</u> 38,431
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Debt retired Interest paid Acquisition and construction of capital assets Capital contributions	(63,400) (60,677) (923,496) 1,103,824
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	56,251
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	139,803
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	853,134
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 992,937

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	_Se	wer Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(254,106)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:		207 422
Depreciation / amortization		327,133
Accounts receivable		4,125
Other accounts receivable		(50,547)
Accounts payable		227
Accrued liabilities		(178)
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		18,467
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	45,121
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position,		
Proprietary Funds		
Cash and investments	\$	175,121
Restricted cash and investments:		
Debt service reserve		29,920
Replacement account		78,899
Depreciation account		708,997
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	992,937

## **Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities**

None

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund
Assets Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ 488,334 483,484
Total assets	971,818
Liabilities  Due to other governments  Total liabilities	<u>971,818</u> 971,818
Net Position	
Total net position	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund
Additions Property taxes collected for overlying districts	\$ 705,923
Total additions	705,923
<b>Deductions</b> Distributions to overlying districts	705,923
Total deductions	705,923
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$</u>

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin (the Village) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

## **Reporting Entity**

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

The Sullivan Volunteer Fire Department Inc. (Fire Department) serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a separate board. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's council and the government is legally obligated to provide resources in case there are deficiencies in debt service payments and resources are not available from other remedies. The Fire Department is reported as a special revenue fund. The Fire Department does not issue separate financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Financial statements of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

General Fund accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, other than enterprise debt.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

The Village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Sewer Utility accounts for operations of the sewer system

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Fire Department

In addition, the Village reports the following fund type:

#### **Custodial Funds**

Custodial Funds are used to account for and report assets controlled by the Village and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

### **Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds**

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer utility are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

## **Deposits and Investments**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of Village funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The Village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

No policy exists for the following risks:

Credit risk

Custodial credit risk

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The Village does not have any investments subject to fair value. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2023, the fair value of the Village's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 4 for further information.

#### Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the Village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2023 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
December 2023
Payment in full, or
First installment due
Second installment due
Personal property taxes in full
Tax sale - 2023 delinquent real estate taxes
December 2023
January 31, 2024
January 31, 2024
January 31, 2024
January 2025

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the sewer utility because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

### **Capital Assets**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 general capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation. An intangible asset exists related to a joint wastewater plant operating agreement with the Sullivan Joint Wastewater Commission.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	85	Years
Land Improvements	25-50	Years
Machinery and Equipment	10-20	Years
Intangible	20	Years
Infrastructure	25-100	Years

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2023, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

### Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Leases

The Village is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. As a lessor, the Village reports a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. The Village continues to report and depreciate the capital assets being leased as capital assets of the primary government.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Equity Classifications**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. **Restricted** Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the Village Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village Board that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The Village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note 4 for further information.

#### **Pension**

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions;
   and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **Basis for Existing Rates**

## **Sewer Utility**

Current sewer rates were approved by the Village board on June 4, 2019. The sewer user fees were increased by \$50 per residential equivalency charge on October 1, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

#### 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

# Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position

Long-term liabilities applicable to the Village's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term-are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 715,242
Accrued interest	 14,208
Combined adjustment for long-term liabilities	\$ 729,450

#### 3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## **Budgetary Information**

A budget has been adopted for the the general fund and debt service fund. A budget has not been formally adopted for the fire department fund. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

#### Limitations on the Village's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the Village's future tax levies. Generally the Village is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the Village's equalized value due to net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The Village is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

#### 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value	_	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits LGIP	\$	976,479 1,413,057	\$	976,035 1,413,055	Custodial credit Credit
Total deposits and investments	\$	2,389,536	\$	2,389,090	
Reconciliation to financial statements					
Per statement of net position:     Unrestricted cash and investments     Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net position, fiduciary fund:	\$	1,083,386 817,816			
Custodial fund	_	488,334			
Total deposits and investments	\$	2,389,536			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

As of December 31, 2023, \$132,182 of the Village's total bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized

\$ 132,182

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The Village had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

#### Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 <u>Unearned</u>
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Lease payments not yet due Unspent ARPA grant funds	\$ 421,384 1,012,317 60,863
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 1,494,564
Unearned revenue included in liabilities Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$ 60,863 1,433,701
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 1,494,564

#### **Restricted Assets**

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

#### **Long-Term Debt Accounts**

**Reserve** - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

**Depreciation** - Used to report resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacement or make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

#### **Equipment Replacement Account**

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2023:

Restricted assets:		
Debt service reserve	\$	29,920
Depreciation account		708,997
Replacement account		78,899
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	817,816

# **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,201
Right of way	124,539			124,539
Total capital assets not being depreciated	128,740	<u>-</u> _		128,740
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	25,305	-	-	25,305
Buildings	357,620	-	-	357,620
Machinery and equipment	1,728,297	64,090	201,343	1,591,044
Streets	1,085,646	-	-	1,085,646
Sidewalks	56,395	-	-	56,395
Storm sewer	233,616			233,616
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,486,879	64,090	201,343	3,349,626
Total capital assets	3,615,619	64,090	201,343	3,478,366
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(16,193)	(1,012)	-	(17,205)
Buildings	(126,798)	(3,972)	-	(130,770)
Machinery and equipment	(723,083)	(57,351)	132,299	(648,135)
Streets	(281,580)	(19,698)	-	(301,278)
Sidewalks	(18,048)	(1,128)	-	(19,176)
Storm sewer	(68,158)	(4,672)		(72,830)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,233,860)	(87,833)	132,299	(1,189,394)
Net capital assets being depreciated	2,253,019	(23,743)	69,044	2,160,232
Total governmental activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	\$ 2,381,759	<u>\$ (23,743)</u>	\$ 69,044	\$ 2,288,972
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follo	ows:		
Governmental Activities				
General government			\$ 1,272	
Public safety			52,786	
Public salety Public works			,	
			30,132	
Culture, recreation and education			3,643	
Total governmental activities of	depreciation expe	ense	\$ 87,833	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized: Land	\$ 818	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 818
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized	818_			818
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized: Collecting system Collecting system pumping Treatment and disposal General Wastewater treatment plant	2,500,215 398,795 1,215,361 102,191 3,824,568	- - - - 940,869	- - - -	2,500,215 398,795 1,215,361 102,191 4,765,437
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized	8,041,130	940,869		8,981,999
Total capital assets	8,041,948	940,869		8,982,817
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for: Sewer	(1,481,948)	(327,133)		(1,809,081)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization	(1,481,948)	(327,133)		(1,809,081)
Net capital assets being depreciated / amortized	6,559,182	613,736		7,172,918
Business-type activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	\$ 6,560,000	\$ 613,736	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,173,736

# Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

# Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Sewer Utility	General Fund	\$	50,547	

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is for delinquent utility taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Transfers**

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount	Principal Purpose
_				Payment for runs, training and officer wages for Fire
Fire	General	\$	28,870	Department Contributions to fund cash
Debt Service	General		8,744	deficit
Total, fund financia	l statements		37,614	
Less fund eliminations		_	(37,614)	
Total transfers, gov activities	ernment-wide statement of	\$	<u>-</u>	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	 ncreases	 Decreases		Ending Balance		nounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities  Bonds and notes payable:  General obligation notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	\$	811,868	\$ 413,040	\$ 509,666	\$	715,242	\$	86,228
Total bonds and notes payable	_	811,868	 413,040	 509,666	_	715,242		86,228
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	811,868	\$ 413,040	\$ 509,666	\$	715,242	\$	86,228
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable: Alternative revenue bonds	\$	3,513,400	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 63,400	\$	3,450,000	\$	64,500
Total bonds and notes payable		3,513,400	 	 63,400	_	3,450,000	_	64,500
Other liabilities: Vested compensated absences		262	 	 178		84		84
Total other liabilities	_	262	 	 178		84		84
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	3,513,662	\$ 	\$ 63,578	\$	3,450,084	\$	64,584

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the Village may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the Village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2023, was \$3,714,840. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$715,242.

## **General Obligation Debt**

All general obligation debt payable is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Debt in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

Governmental Activities					Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	Original lebtedness	ecember 31, 2023
2022 Promissory Note * 2023 Promissory Note *	06/07/22 12/08/23	03/01/30 05/17/31	3.60% 2.90	\$ 342,757 413,040	\$ 302,202 413,040
Total governmental	activities, gene	eral obligation d	lebt		\$ 715,242

<sup>\*</sup> Direct borrowing or direct placement

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Years</u>	Governmental Activities Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements						
	<u>Pr</u>	rincipal	In	terest			
2024	\$	86,228	\$	20,651			
2025		88,772		18,105			
2026		91,367		15,512			
2027		94,040		12,838			
2028		96,767		10,110			
2029-2031		258,068		12,855			
Total	\$	715,242	\$	90,071			

#### **Revenue Debt**

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the sewer utilities.

The sewer utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2022. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the sewer utility. The bonds are payable solely from sales revenues and are payable through 2061. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 10% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,753,388. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$124,077 and \$1,215,282, respectively.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2023, consists of the following:

## **Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt**

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	ln	Original debtedness	 Balance December 31, 2023
Sewer Utility						
Revenue Bonds	03/21/22	05/01/61	1.75%	\$	3,600,000	\$ 3,450,000
Total business-type activ Debt service requirem			ows:			\$ 3,450,000

Business-Type Activities
Revenue Debt from Direct
Borrowings and Direct
Placements

	Placements						
<u>Years</u>	Princi			cipal Interest			
2024	\$	64,500	\$	60,375			
2025		65,600		59,246			
2026		66,800		58,098			
2027		68,000		56,929			
2028		69,200		55,739			
2029-2033		364,600		260,104			
2034-2038		398,000		227,054			
2039-2043		434,200		190,986			
2044-2048		473,900		151,624			
2049-2053		517,300		108,667			
2054-2058		564,600		61,777			
2059-2061		363,300		12,789			
Total	\$	3,450,000	\$	1,303,388			

#### **Other Debt Information**

The Village's outstanding debt from direct borrowings or direct placements related to governmental activities contains provisions that in an event of default, a delinquency charge of 5% of the unpaid amount may be charged and interest rates on the unpaid amounts increase to 5%.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the Sewer utility's system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.0621 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The Sewer utility's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

#### **Current Refunding**

On December 8, 2023, the Village issued \$413,040 in promissory notes with an average coupon rate of 2.90% to refund \$473,492 of outstanding notes with an average coupon rate of 2.29%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the Village were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The gain/loss associated with this refunding was determined not to be material to these financial statements.

#### **Lease Disclosures**

#### Lessor - Lease Receivables

Governmental Activities				Receivable Balance
Lease Receivables Description	Date of Inception	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates	December 31, 2023
Land lease	01/01/22	12/31/54	1.00%	\$ 1,012,317
Total governmental activities				\$ 1,012,317

The Village recognized \$20,736 of lease revenue during the fiscal year.

The Village recognized \$12,562 of interest revenue during the fiscal year.

# **Net Position/Fund Balances**

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2023, includes the following:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net investment in capital assets:		
Land	\$	4,201
Right of way		124,539
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		2,160,232
Plus unspent capital related debt proceeds		(715,242)
Total net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	1,573,730

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2023, include the following:

	<u>Ger</u>	neral Fund	Gov Fu	onmajor ernmental ind - Fire partment	Total
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Restricted for: Fire department activities	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	89,390	\$ 89,390
Subtotal				89,390	89,390
Assigned to: Future capital projects		680,197			 680,197
Subtotal		680,197			680,197
Unassigned:		27,219			27,219
Total fund balances	<u>\$</u>	707,416	\$	89,390	\$ 796,806

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Net investment in capital assets:

Land \$818

Intangible plant 4,765,437

Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 2,407,481

Less Long-term debt outstanding (3,450,000)

Total net investment in capital assets \$ 3,723,736

#### 5. Other Information

#### **Employees' Retirement System**

### **Plan Description**

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

#### Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

## **Post-Retirement Adjustments**

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0

#### **Contributions**

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$4,699 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2023 are:

Employee Category	<b>Employee</b>	<b>Employer</b>
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.50 %	6.50 %
Protective with Social Security	6.50	12.00
Protective without Social Security	6.50	16.40

# Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2023, the Village reported a liability of \$31,047 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the Village's proportion was 0.00058606%, which was a decrease of 0.00010385% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Village recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$13,000.

At December 31, 2023, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	49,449	\$ 64,965
Changes in assumptions		6,105	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		52,743	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,832	343
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,878	 
Total	\$	118,007	\$ 65,308

\$7,878 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Doforrod

Years Ending December 31:	Out Reso Deferi of R	Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)			
2024	\$	2,142			
2025		9,433			
2026		9,697			
2027		23,549			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2021

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2022

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%

Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-Retirement Adjustments\*: 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns\* As of December 31, 2022

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**
Public Equity	48	7.6	5
Public Fixed Income	25	5.3	2.7
Inflation Sensitive	19	3.6	1.1
Real Estate	8	5.2	2.6
Private Equity/Debt	15	9.6	6.9
Total Core Fund***	115	7.4	4.8
Variable Fund Asset	_		
U.S Equities	70	7.2	4.6
International Equities	30	8.1	5.5
Total Variable Fund	100	7.7	5.1

<sup>\*</sup> Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

<sup>\*\*</sup> New England Pension Consultants' Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

## **Single Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	to	Decrease Discount ate (5.8%)	Dis	Current scount Rate (6.8%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.8%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	103,046	\$	31,047	\$	(18,481)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

At December 31, 2023, the Village reported a payable to the pension plan which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

#### **Risk Management**

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### **Commitments and Contingencies**

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The Village has active construction projects as of December 31, 2023. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

## **Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences
- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues						
Taxes						
General property taxes	\$	383,892	\$	383,892	\$ 262,890	<u>\$ (121,002)</u>
Intergovernmental State shared revenues Fire insurance tax (2% fire dues)		48,085 7,800		48,085 7,800	48,085 9,508	- 1,708
Exempt computer aid State aid, road allotment DNR, in lieu of taxes County aid, highway		1,773 20,801 800 2,000		1,773 20,801 800 2,000	1,773 25,804 80	5,003 (720) (2,000)
State aid, recycling State grants ARPA grants		2,180 - -		2,180	2,176 8,762 29,868	(4) 8,762 29,868
State aid, video service		3,968		3,968	3,968	<u>-</u>
Total intergovernmental		87,407		87,407	 130,024	42,617
Licenses and Permits Liquor and malt beverage licenses Business and occupational licenses Dog and cat licenses Building permits Other permits Cable television franchise fees Zoning permits and fees Total licenses and permits  Special Assessments		2,050 2,000 750 4,000 150 9,500 2,000		2,050 2,000 750 4,000 150 9,500 2,000	 1,700 1,440 849 14,164 2,185 7,642 2,100 30,080	(350) (560) 99 10,164 2,035 (1,858) 100 9,630
Special assessments  Public Charges for Services  Recycling		41,200		41,200	390 44,024	2,824
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Local, fire services	s	74,496		74,496	 74,496	
Investment Income Interest on investments Interest on leases		4,000		4,000	33,882 12,562	29,882 12,562
Total investment income		4,000		4,000	46,444	42,444
Miscellaneous Rent Sprint lease agreement Other miscellaneous		5,000 20,736 60		5,000 20,736 60	 6,645 8,174 10,020	1,645 (12,562) 9,960
Total miscellaneous		25,796		25,796	24,839	(957)
Total revenues		637,841		637,841	613,187	(24,654)

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
Expenditures								
General Government								
Board	\$	9,989	\$	9,989	\$	9,875	\$ 114	
Village president		3,768		3,768		3,640	128	
Clerk, treasurer Clerk, treasurer assistant		43,400 19,057		43,400 19,057		42,392 20,807	1,008 (1,750)	
Assessment of property		6,813		6,813		6,763	(1,730)	
Zoning and appeals board		1,026		1,879		1,901	(22)	
Special accounting and auditing		20,609		20,609		20,609	-	
Legal		1,000		7,600		14,535	(6,935)	
Municipal building		18,795		18,795		28,408	(9,613)	
Printing and postage		1,850		1,850		1,972	(122)	
Classifications		750		750 2,100		543	207	
Elections Treasury		3,200 3,418		2,100 2,418		1,964 2,250	136 168	
Property and liability insurance		9,324		9,324		10,063	(739)	
Other insurance		32,641		32,641		32,278	363	
Total general government		175,640		180,993		198,000	(17,007)	
Public Safety								
Fire protection		83,436		83,436		42,144	41,292	
Ambulance		26,249		26,249		26,249	<u>-</u>	
Building inspection		3,000		3,000		9,939	(6,939)	
Total public safety		112,685		112,685		78,332	34,353	
Public Works								
Machinery and equipment		5,871		5,871		2,505	3,366	
Garages and sheds		849		849		492	357	
Street maintenance		4,000 74,500		2,000		18,178	(16,178)	
Street replacement Snow and ice control		24,500		74,500 24,500		71,320 24,939	3,180 (439)	
Street lighting		16,000		16,000		16,253	(253)	
Refuse and garbage collection		23,000		20,747		20,747	-	
Recycling		14,000		12,255		12,322	(67)	
Total public works		162,720		156,722		166,756	(10,034)	
Culture, Recreation and Education								
Parks		6,300		7,420		7,697	(277)	
Recreation administration		1,500		2,277		1,903	374	
Total culture, recreation and		7.000		0.007		0.000	0.7	
education		7,800		9,697		9,600	97	
Conservation and Development		0.000		0.000		4040	0=4	
Conservation and development		2,200		2,200		1,946	254	
Weed control		4,200		4,307		4,307		
Total conservation and		C 400		6 507		6.050	054	
development		6,400		6,507		6,253	254	

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Capital Outlay Capital outlay	\$ 50,128	\$ 50,234	\$ 147,636	\$ (97,402)
Debt Service Principal Interest expense	97,820 23,183	97,820 23,183		97,820 23,183
Total debt service	121,003	121,003		121,003
Total expenditures	636,376	637,841	606,577	31,264
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,465		6,610	6,610
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out Sales of fixed assets			(37,614) 49,425	(37,614) 49,425
Total other financing sources (uses)			11,811	11,811
Net change in fund balance	1,465	-	18,421	18,421
Fund Balance, Beginning	688,995	688,995	688,995	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 690,460	\$ 688,995	\$ 707,416	\$ 18,421

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Lability - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability		Covered Payroll		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
12/31/23	0.00058606 %	\$	31.047	\$	72.307	42.94 %	95.72 %	
12/31/22	0.00068991 %	*	(55,608)	*	115.843	48.00 %	106.02 %	
12/31/21	0.00076126 %		(47,526)		115,114	41.29 %	105.26 %	
12/31/20	0.00074421 %		(23,996)		113,124	21.21 %	102.96 %	
12/31/19	0.00072742 %		25,879		137,335	18.84 %	96.45 %	
12/31/18	0.00063730 %		(18,921)		93,738	20.18 %	102.93 %	
12/31/17	0.00075353 %		6,211		93,995	6.61 %	99.12 %	
12/31/16	0.00083578 %		13,581		89,631	15.15 %	98.20 %	
12/31/15	0.00093010 %		(22,841)		136,473	16.74 %	102.74 %	

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2023

Fiscal Year Ending	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/23	\$	7,878	\$	7,878	\$	_	\$	115,850	6.80 %
12/31/22		4,700		4,700		_		72,307	6.50 %
12/31/21		7,831		7,831		_		115,844	6.76 %
12/31/20		7,782		7,782		_		115,114	6.76 %
12/31/19		7,410		7,410		_		113,124	6.55 %
12/31/18		9,153		9,153		_		137,090	6.68 %
12/31/17		6,374		6,374		_		93,738	6.80 %
12/31/16		6,203		6,203		-		93,995	6.60 %
12/31/15		6,095		6,095		_		89,631	6.80 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2023

#### **Budgetary Information**

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The Village may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

#### Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The Village is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table